

IT FUNDING MODEL

Full Absorption (no chargeback)	Simple Allocation (chargeback, any funding source)		Voluntary or Transaction Based (chargeback, any funding source)	
 Cost share from B&F and OCIO (some Site Licensed Software, OneDrive, BuckeyeLearn, EDM, Electronic Signature, Zoom) Network (Wired & WiFi) Baseline servers, storage, backup Professional services Break/Fix fund for all Teaching, Event, and Meeting (TEM) spaces CFAES centrally funded A/V improvements for TEM spaces CFAES IT leadership and management (risk, strategy, budget proposals, liaison) CFAES research support (baseline support) CFAES local applications support (baseline support) Support for TEM spaces 	Simple Allocation (per Employee) • Yearly IT Support / Phones (*existing Skype for Business, License & Device)	Resource Based (per Device or Facility) Yearly Device Cost (device choice) Yearly IT Support per additional machine	Measured Consumption (per Unit Consumed at or above allocation) Storage (over baseline) Servers CFAES research support (over baseline) CFAES local applications support (over baseline) Non-standard hardware upgrades (ex. larger hard drive, extra Ram) Network in new construction / renovation (project expense) Support for TEM Spaces (over baseline)	Purchases (mostly via Workday) Purchased Software, Apps and Software as a Service (SAAS) (Autocad, Trello, Salesforce) Additional hardware outside of MITS (Jabra pucks, drones, iPads, digital cameras, light kits, printers) Printers and Printing (toner and / or Uniprint, Comdoc) Cloud services pass- through billing (ex. AWS) Supplies & services Outside of MITS

Simple - easy to implement, reduced accuracy

Expensive to administer, focus on driving value - Complex

Striving towards serviced based pricing at a granular level isn't always the right answer. A balance needs to be found between simplicity, accuracy, effort, value, and complexity.

